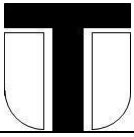




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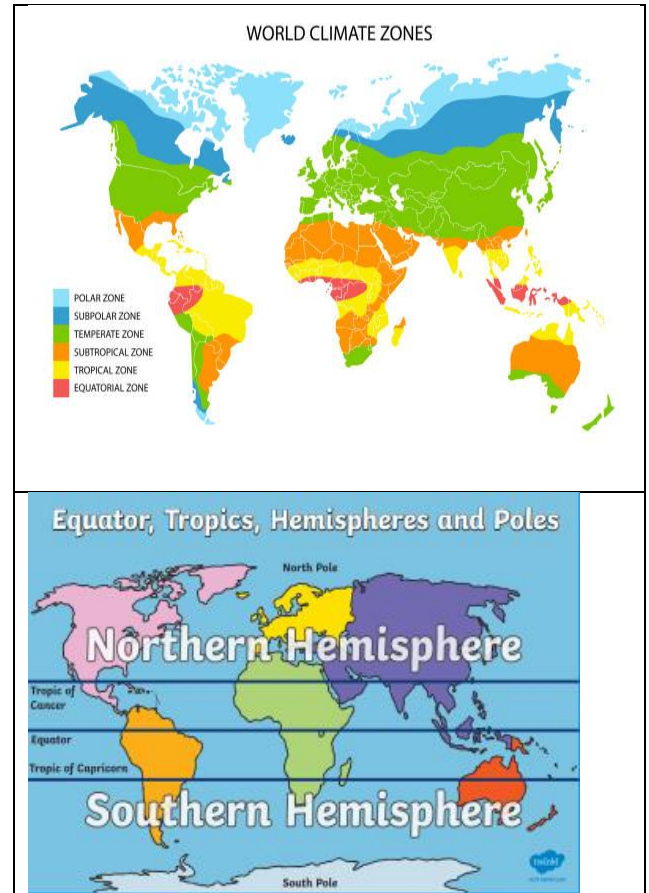
Year: 4/5

Topic: Equatorial studies

Key Vocabulary

Equator	An imaginary line that divides the earth in half.
Northern Hemisphere	The part of the Earth north of the equator is called the Northern Hemisphere. The Northern Hemisphere includes all of north America, Europe and most of Asia and Africa.
Sothern Hemisphere	The part of the Earth south of the equator is called the Southern Hemisphere. The Southern Hemisphere includes all of Australia, Antarctica and most of South America.
Tropic of Cancer	It is the furthest north you can ever go and still have the sun directly overhead.
Tropic of Capricorn	Similar to the tropic of Cancer, it is the furthest south you can go and still have the sun directly overhead. The opposite to the tropic of Cancer.
North Pole	The North Pole is the northernmost point on Earth.
South Pole	The South Pole is the southernmost place on Earth.

Climate zones around the world.



Divisions of the Earth

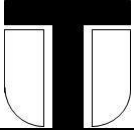
Equator	Northern Hemisphere
Sothern Hemisphere	Tropic of Cancer
Tropic of Capricorn	North Pole
South Pole	

Climate zones

Tropical	Tropical climates are defined by a monthly average temperature of 18 °C (64.4 °F) or higher in the coolest
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	month, and feature hot temperatures all year-round.
Mediterranean	a climate distinguished by warm, wet winters with westerly winds and calm, hot, dry summers.
Polar	A polar climate consists of cool summers and very cold winters.
Continental	A relatively dry climate with very hot summers and very cold winters.
Temperate	Temperate climates of the Earth are characterized by relatively moderate mean annual temperatures
Arid	An arid climate is known for being hot and dry.