Dance Knowledge Organiser for Yr4/5

Key knowledge		
Autumn		
Spatial Awareness within a group	To know the importance of working in lines and rotating to maximise dance space, using stage directions to assist.	
Musicality	To know how to identify the beat and walk in time using good posture and eyeline.	
Galloping	To develop the ability to gallop sideways while using the correct position according to audience.	

Music Using music to structure dance according	g to
the rhythm.	

Drama – Awareness of audience. Understand more complex stage directions. Self -confidence during small group performance.

Key knowledge		
Spring		
Jump	To understand how to flex, point	
technique.	and stretch feet and legs, without	
	weight bearing. Floor work.	
Posture	To know how to contract	
	abdominals using the 'squeeze and	
	stretch' exercise.	
Use music to	To learn to listen and count a	
cue dance.	musical phrase in order to come in	
	on time, run for one bar, then	
	balance or act for one bar.	

Key knowledge		
Summer		
Arms	Being able to lift arms correctly into	
	side opposition. Awareness of when	
	to use parallel or opposition arm	
	swings.	
Skipping in	To understand how to move in	
formation	various formations; circle, square,	
	figure of eight.	
Isolation	To build on existing isolation skills to	
	create a dance. i.e. Jazz	
	Amalgamation.	

Extended learning opportunity		

	Key Vocabulary		
Eyeline	Holding head correctly and		
	performing with focus and purpose		
Stage	The stage directions right/left refer		
directions for	to the performers right and left.		
walls	Upstage and downstage refer to the		
	back and front of the stage.		
Stage	The stage direction for corners		
directions for	combines the terminology for the		
corners	walls. i.e. upstage right refers to the		
	back right corner.		
Abdominals	Group of muscles that support the		
	core and are vital for good posture.		
Contract	Become shorter and tighter to enable		
	movement.		
On diagonal	Moving diagonally across the space to		
	maximise its use.		
Stretch	To lengthen and elongate body and		
	limbs		
Point/Flex	To stretch or bend ankles and toes to		
	improve the line of the leg		
Side	Holding arms out straight to the side		
opposition	at shoulder height and palms down.		
Parallel arm	Low coordinated swing of the arms in		
swings	parallel.		
Opposition	Low apposing swing of arms; right		
arm swing	arm is forward when left arm is back.		
Isolation	To move one specific part of the body		
	with attack whilst maintaining		
	stillness in the rest.		

Cross curricular links